



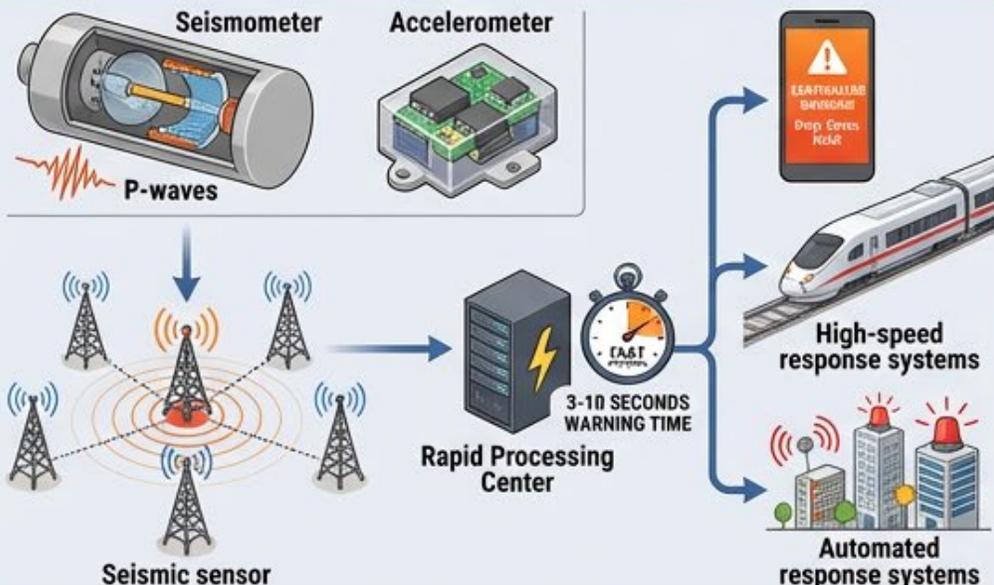
Observing Earthquake Today to better Protect for Tomorrow

Patinya Pornsopin

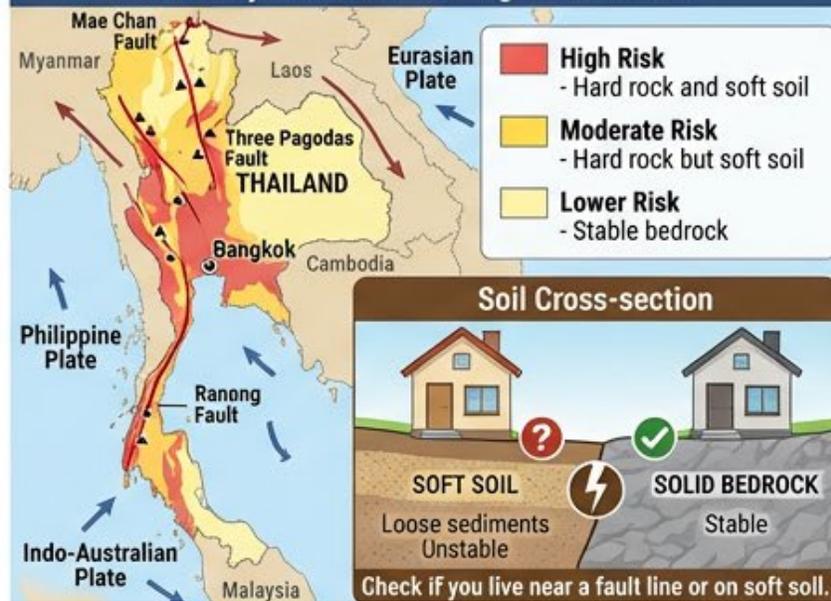
World Meteorological Day 2026
presented on March 23, 2026 at TMD.

👁️ OBSERVING TODAY (Awareness)

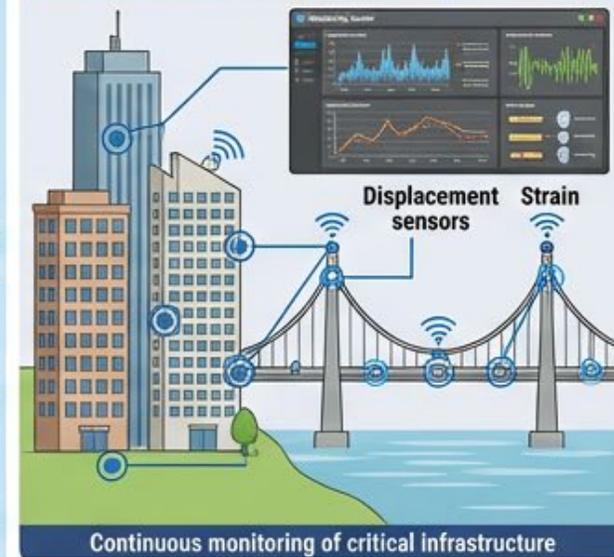
Early Warning System – Seconds Save Lives



Identify Your Risk – Geologic Observation

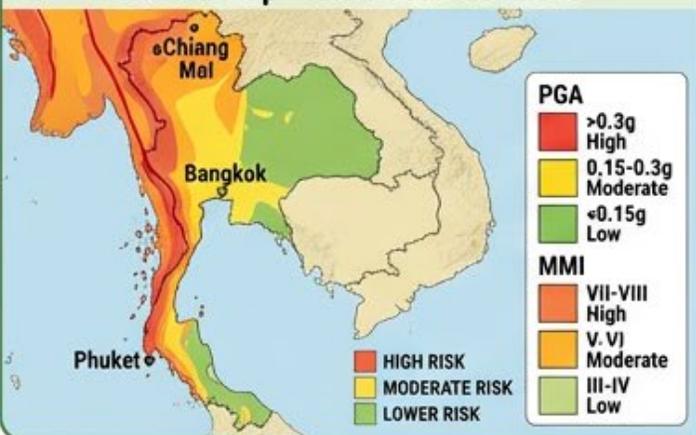


Infrastructure Monitoring – Structural Health Monitoring System

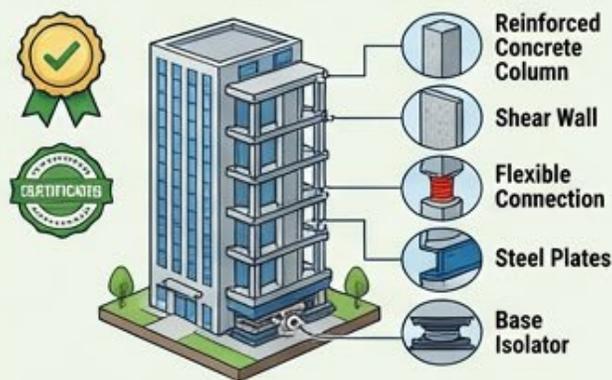


🛡️ PROTECTING TOMORROW (The Action)

Hazard Map - Know Your Risk Zone



Engineering & Building Codes



Modern seismic-resistant construction.

Mitigation



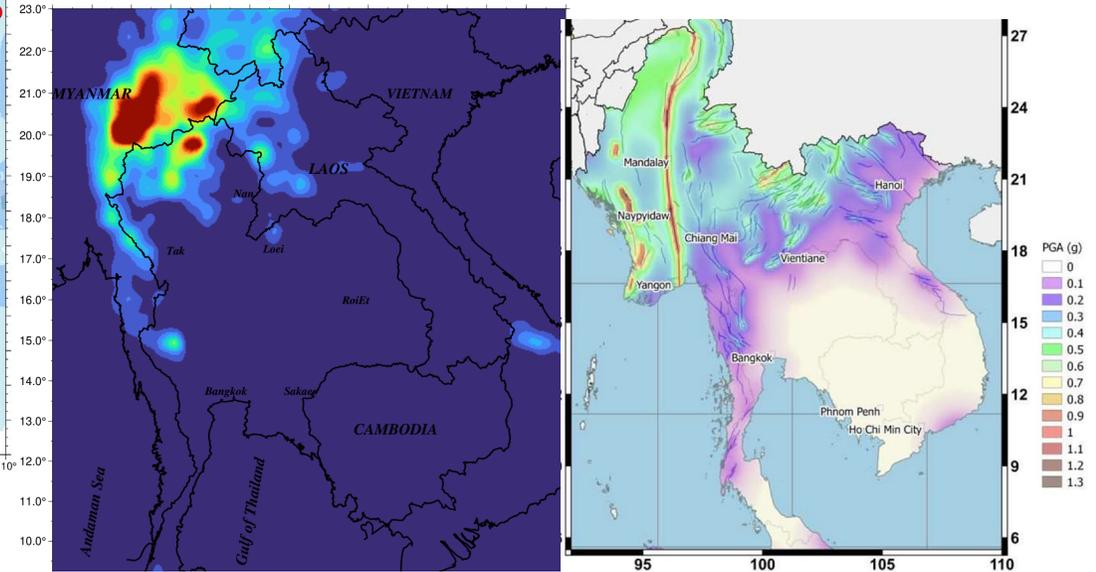
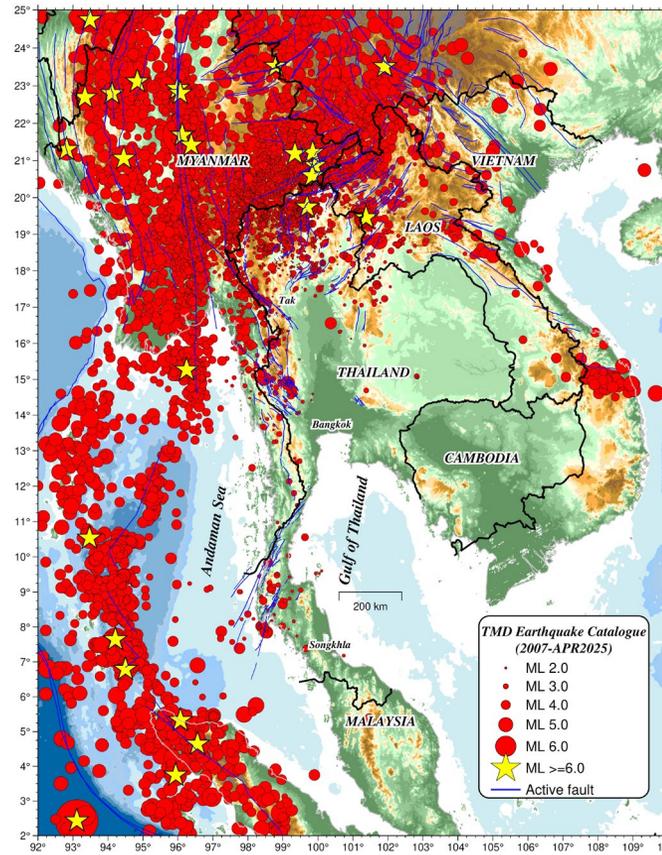
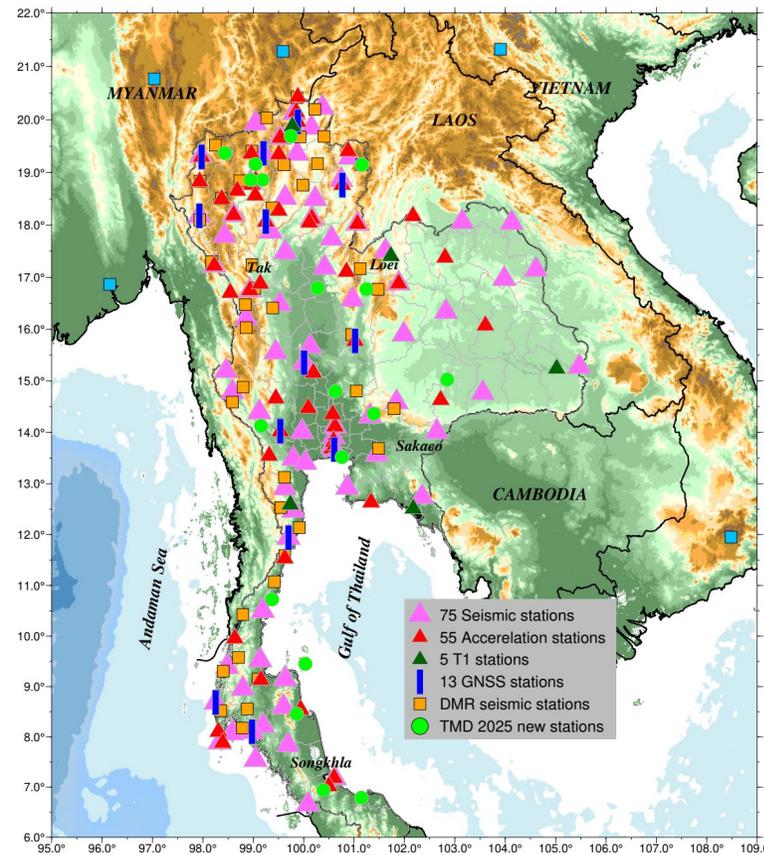
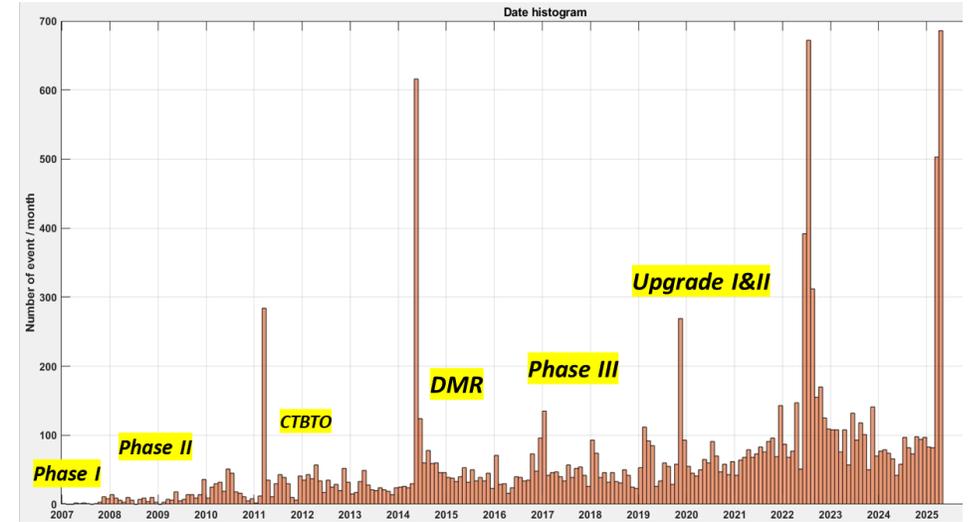
Preparedness saves lives.

Community Resilience

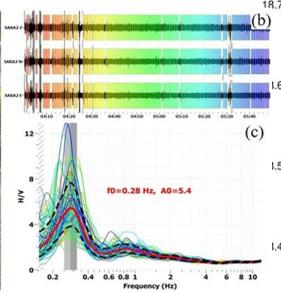
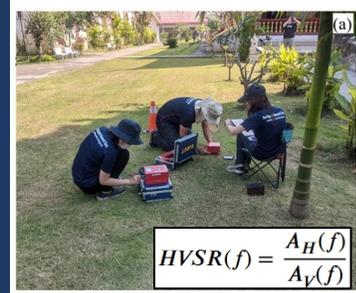
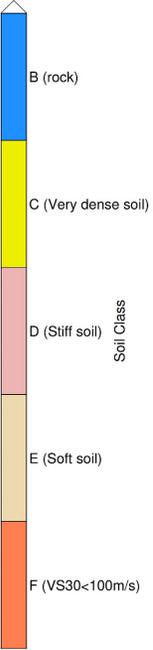
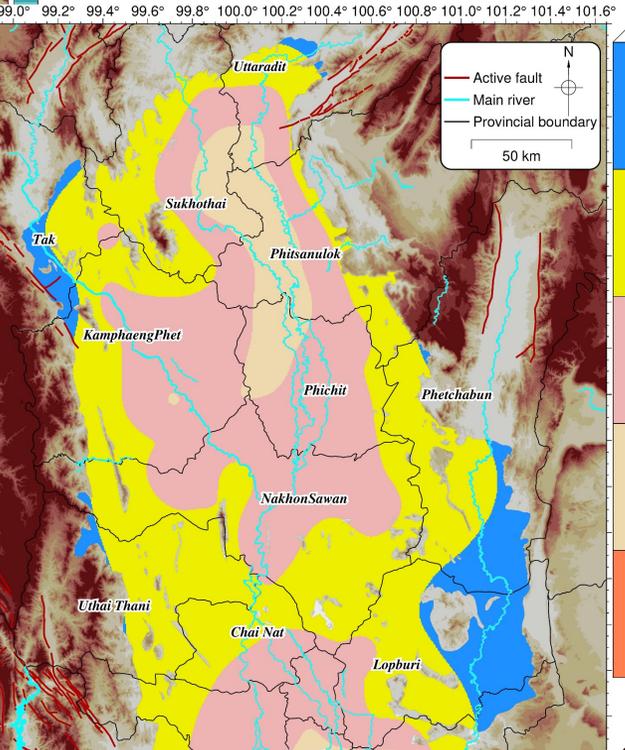
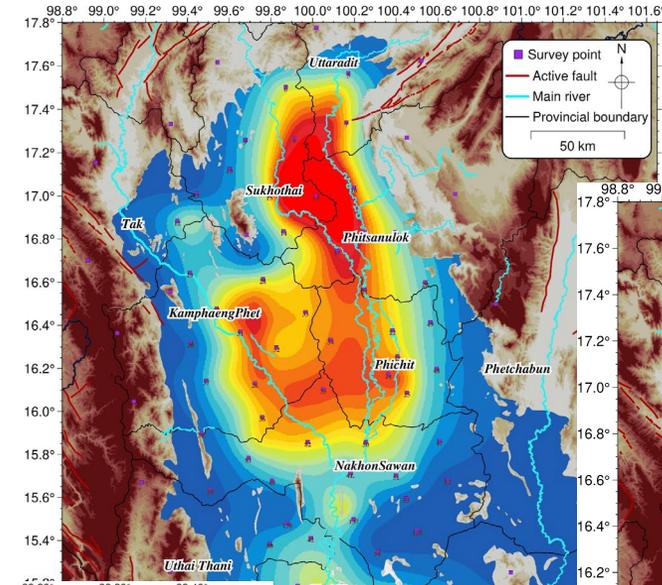
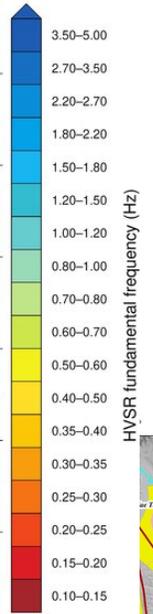
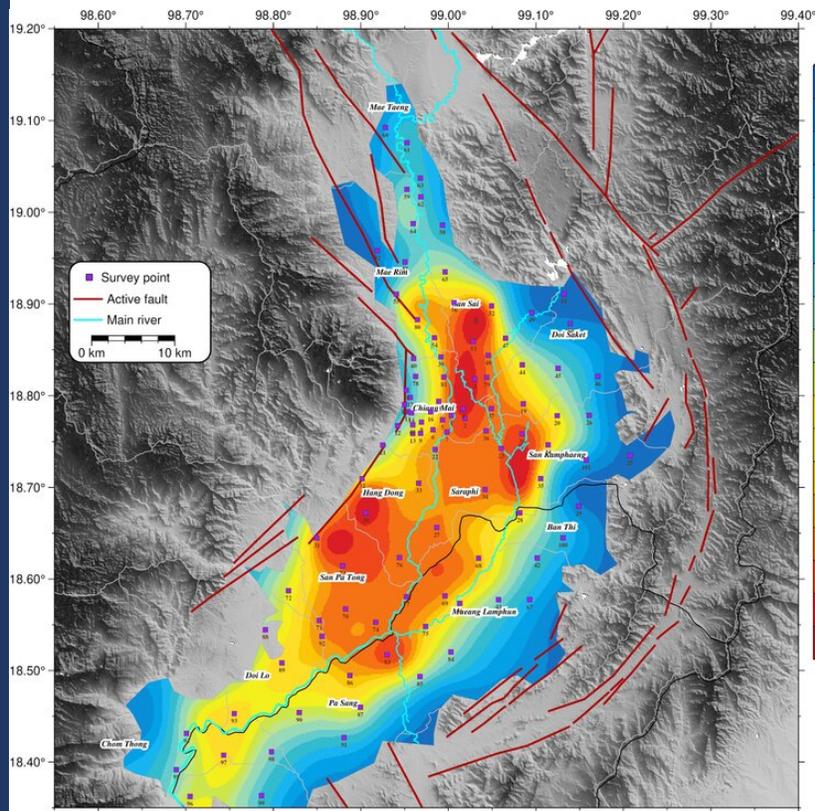


Stronger together.

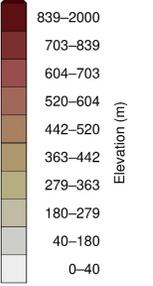
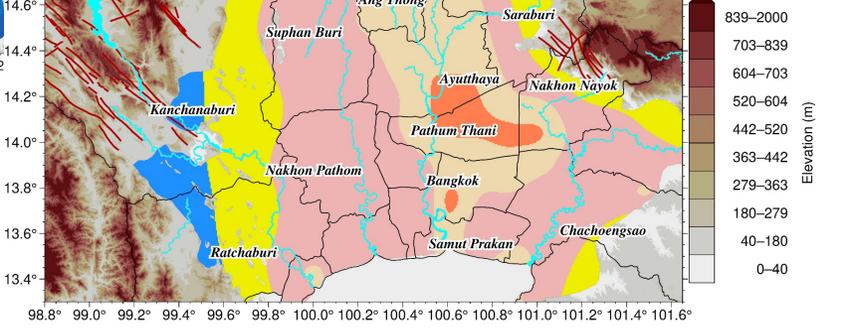
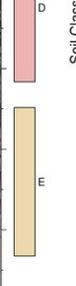
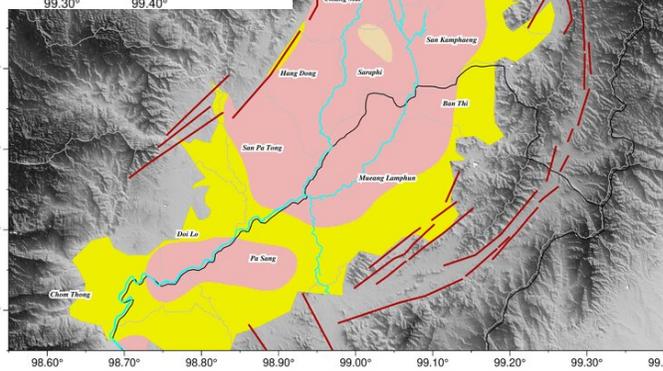
We can't stop an earthquake, but we can use observation data to ensure protection for tomorrow!

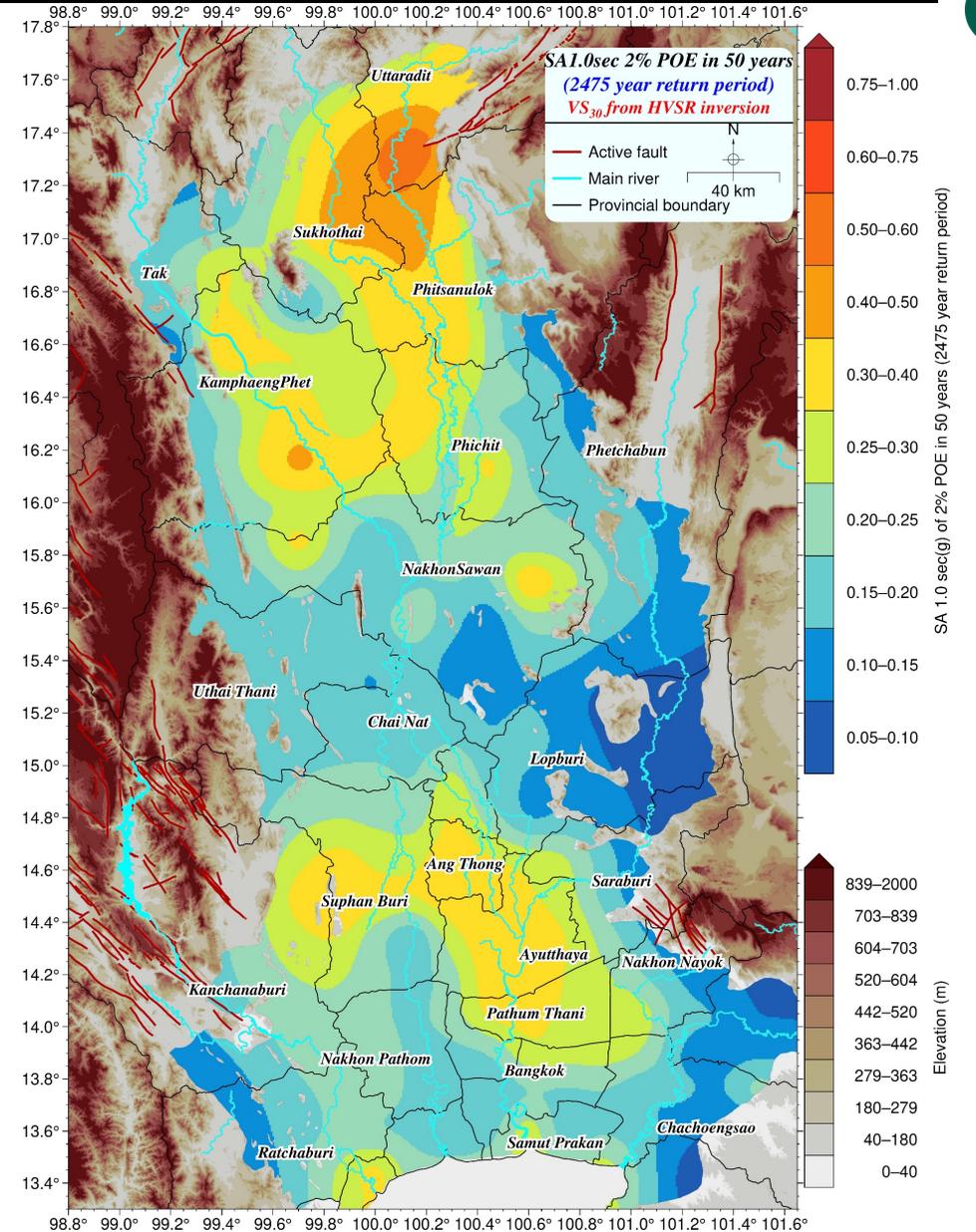
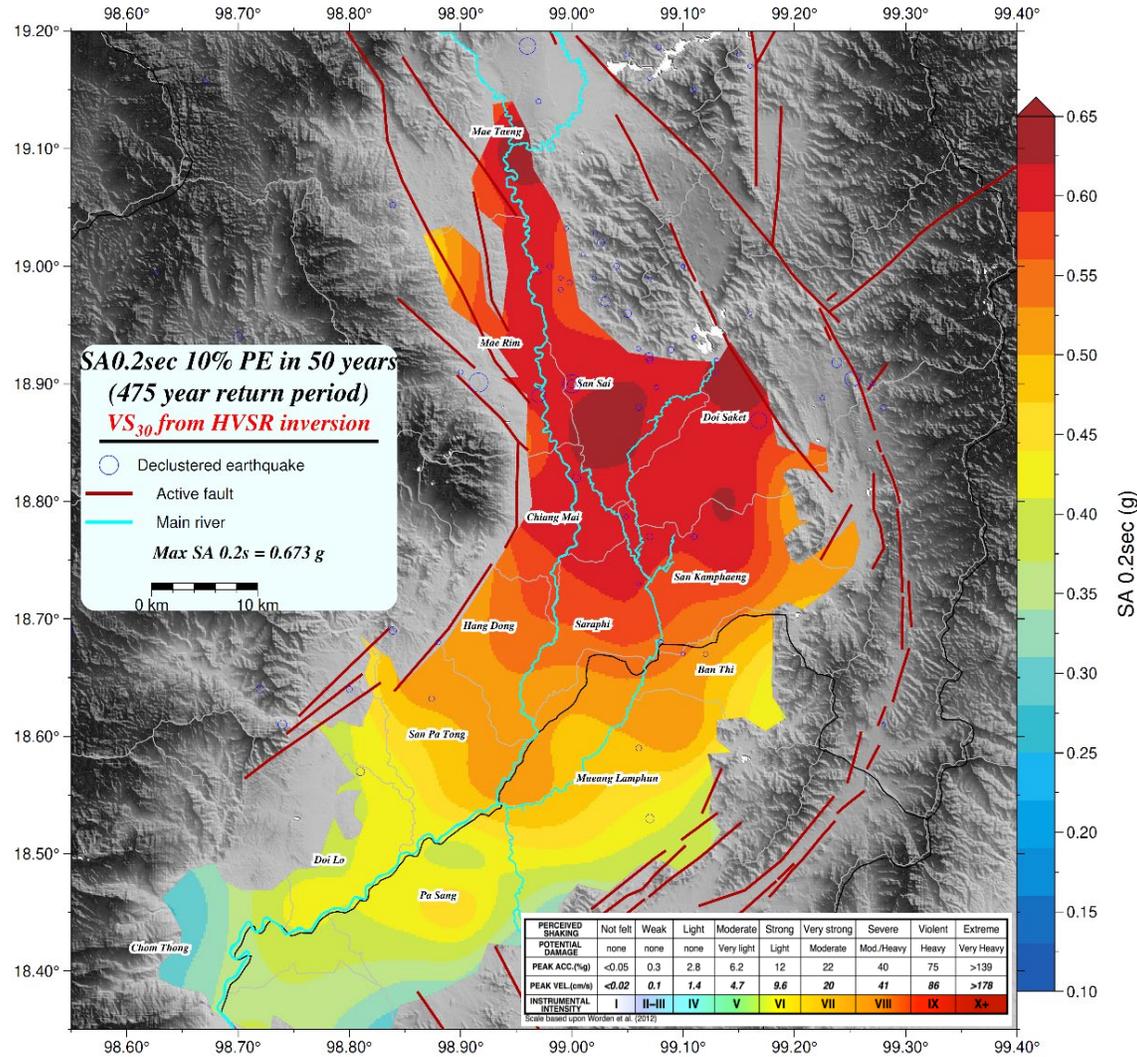


โครงการที่เกี่ยวข้องที่ ได้รับทุนจาก สกสว. ที่ผ่านมา



$$HVSr(f) = \frac{A_H(f)}{A_V(f)}$$

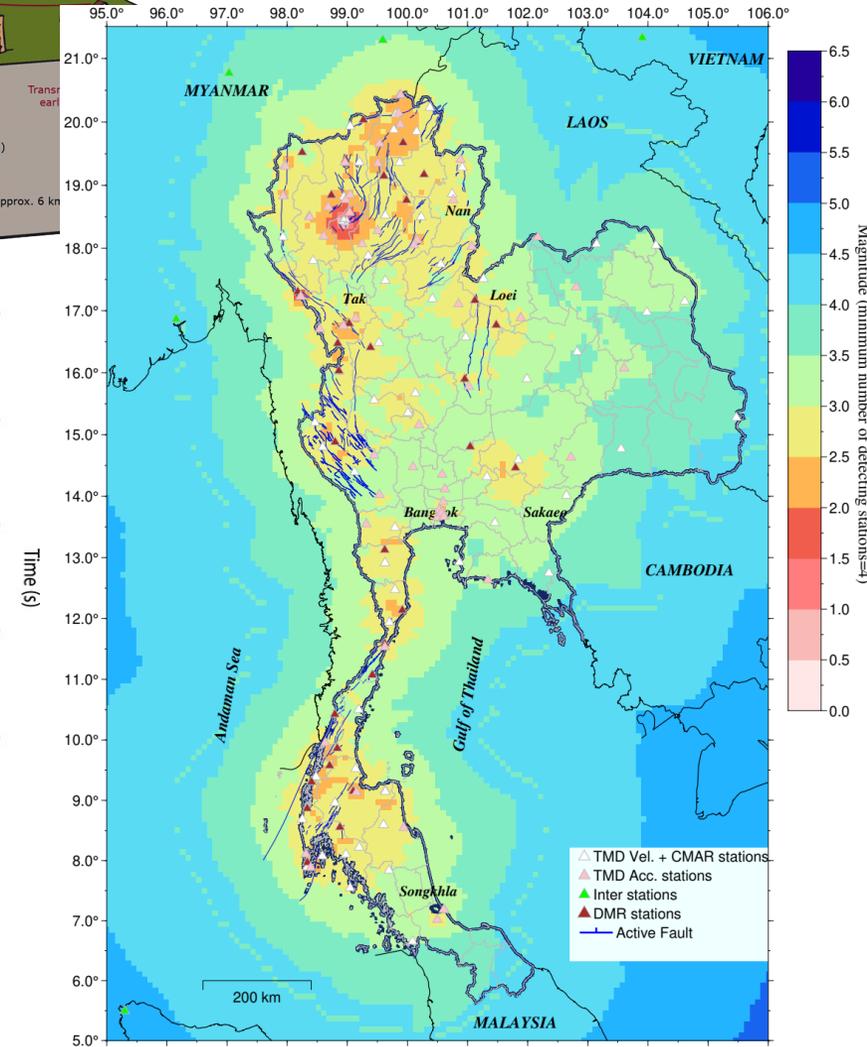
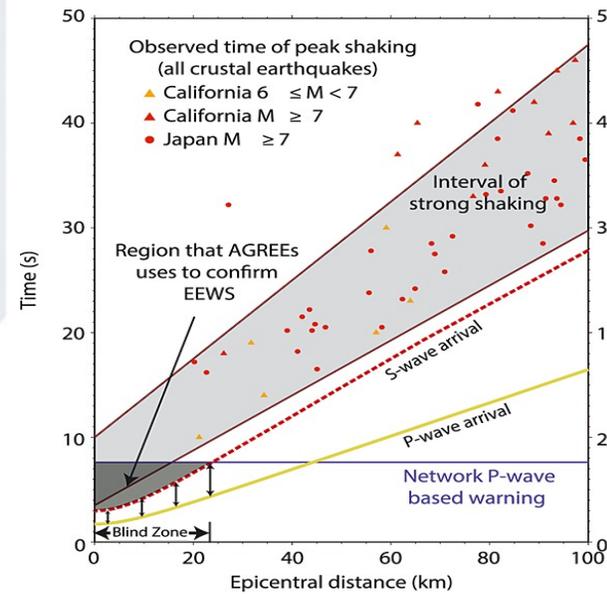
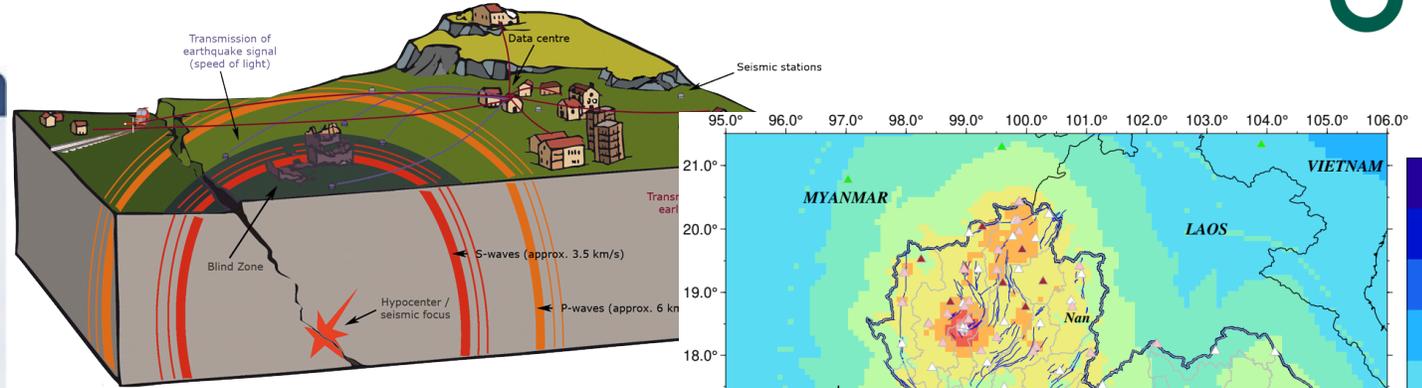
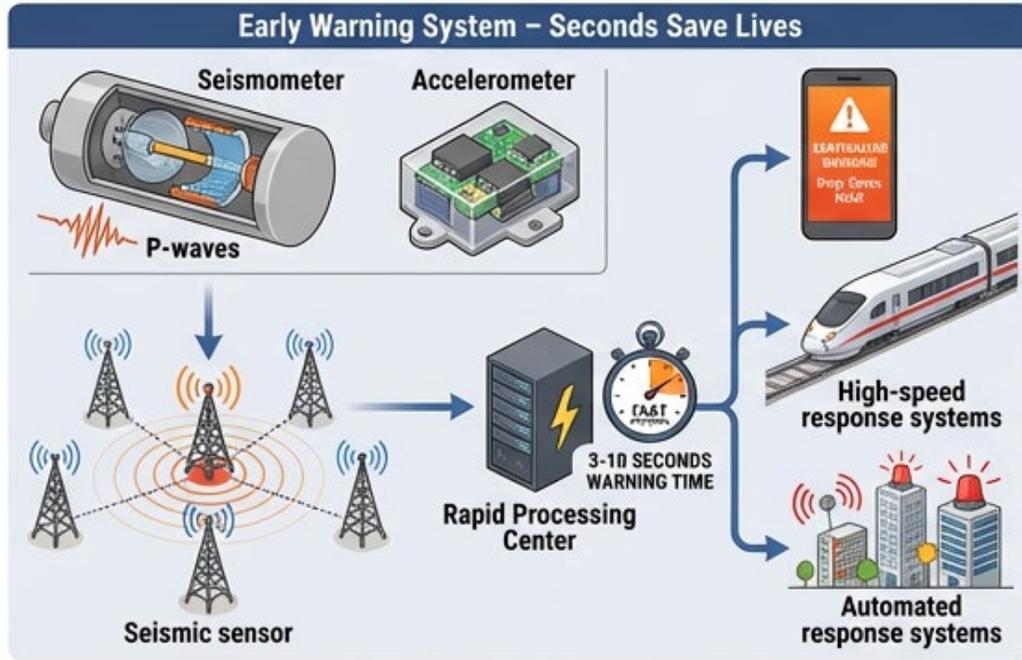




Pornsopin, P., Pananont, P., Furlong, K. P., Chaila, S., Promsuk, C., Kamjudpai, C., & Phetkongsakul, K. (2024). Seismic Microzonation Map of Chiang Mai Basin, Thailand. *Trends in Sciences*, 21(3), Article 7370. <https://doi.org/10.48048/tis.2024.7370>

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Earthquake Early Warning (EEW)

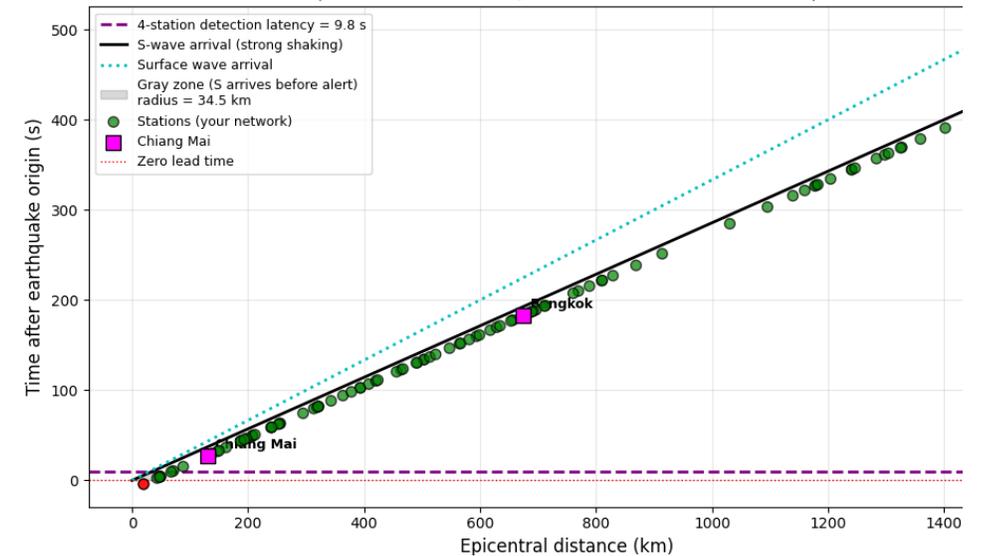
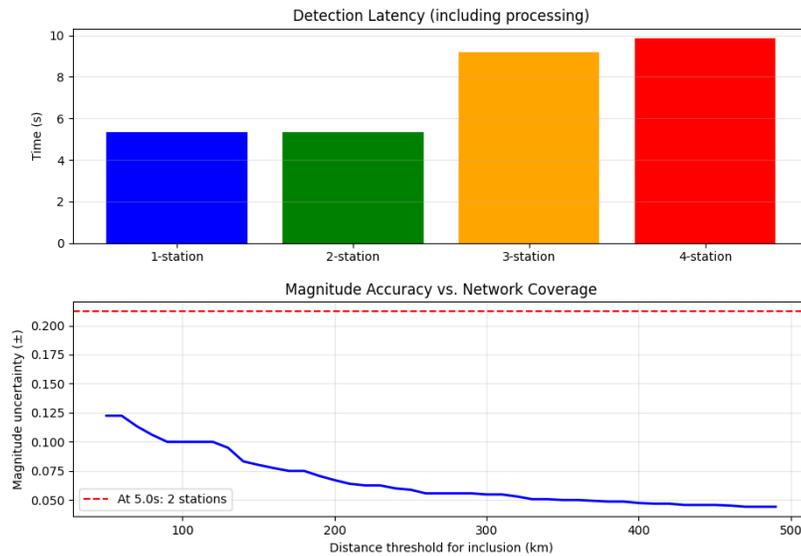
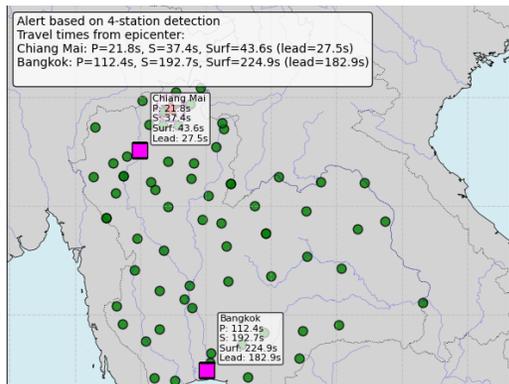
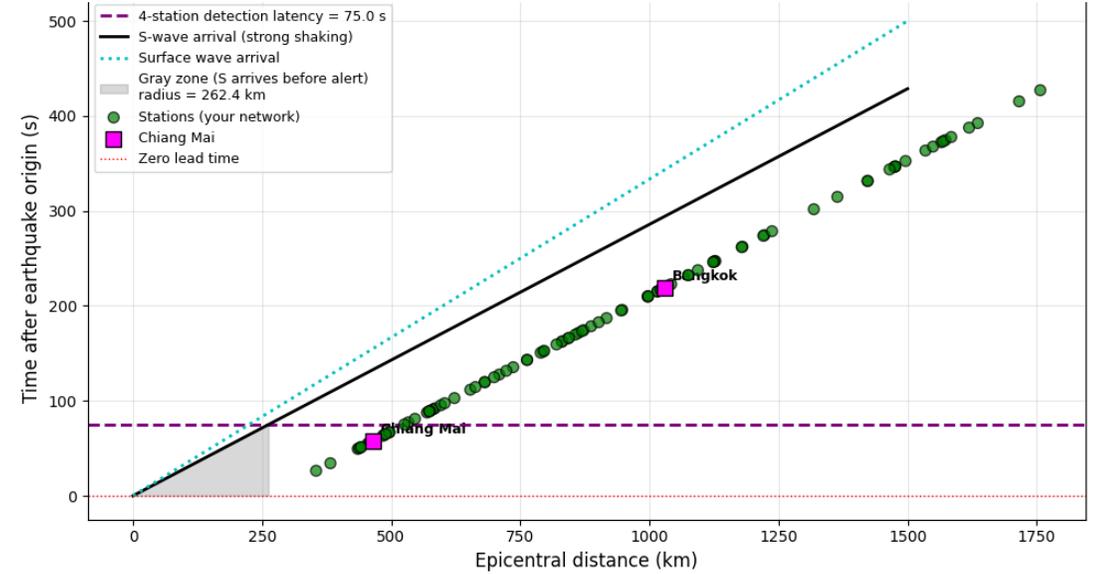
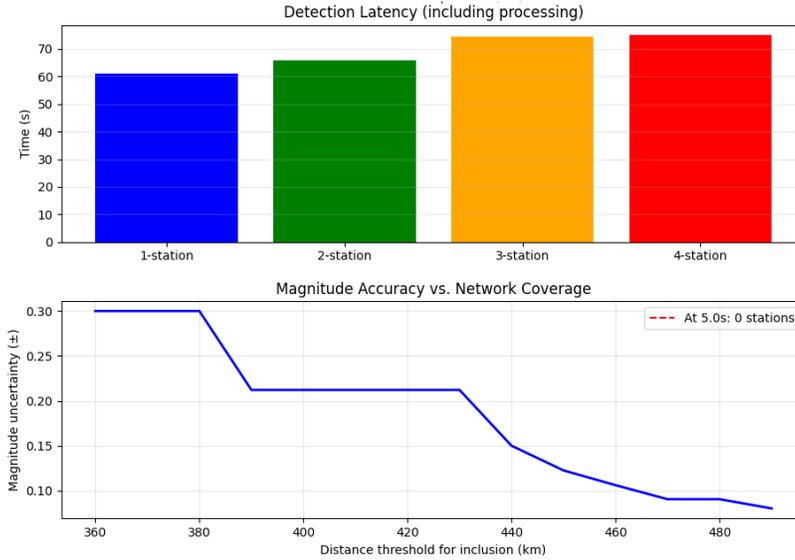
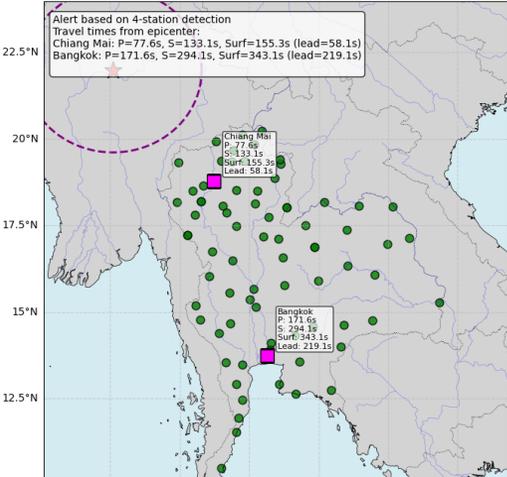


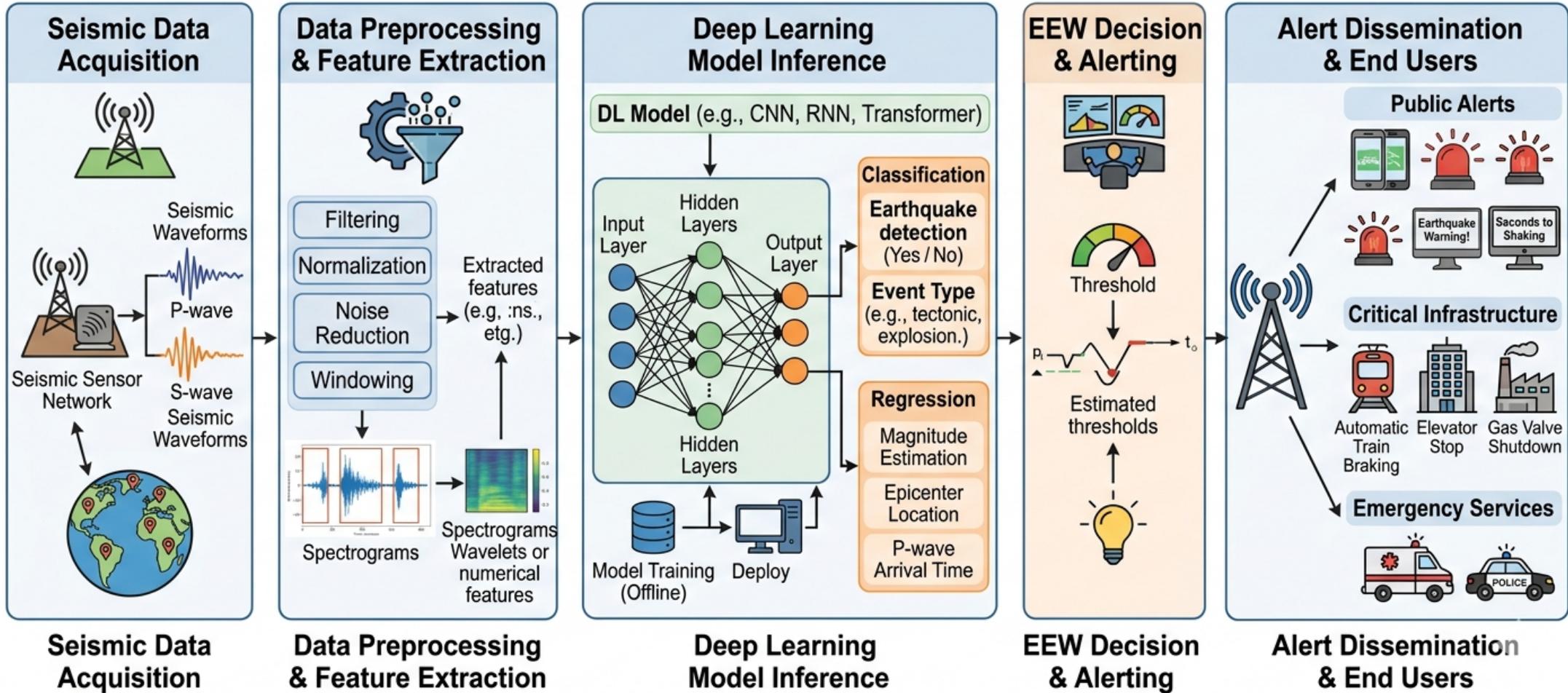
Times

- Communication, Network streaming
- Density of seismic station?
- EEW software? Fast estimation!
- small packet sizes
- Small sample rates
- Direct to EEW server

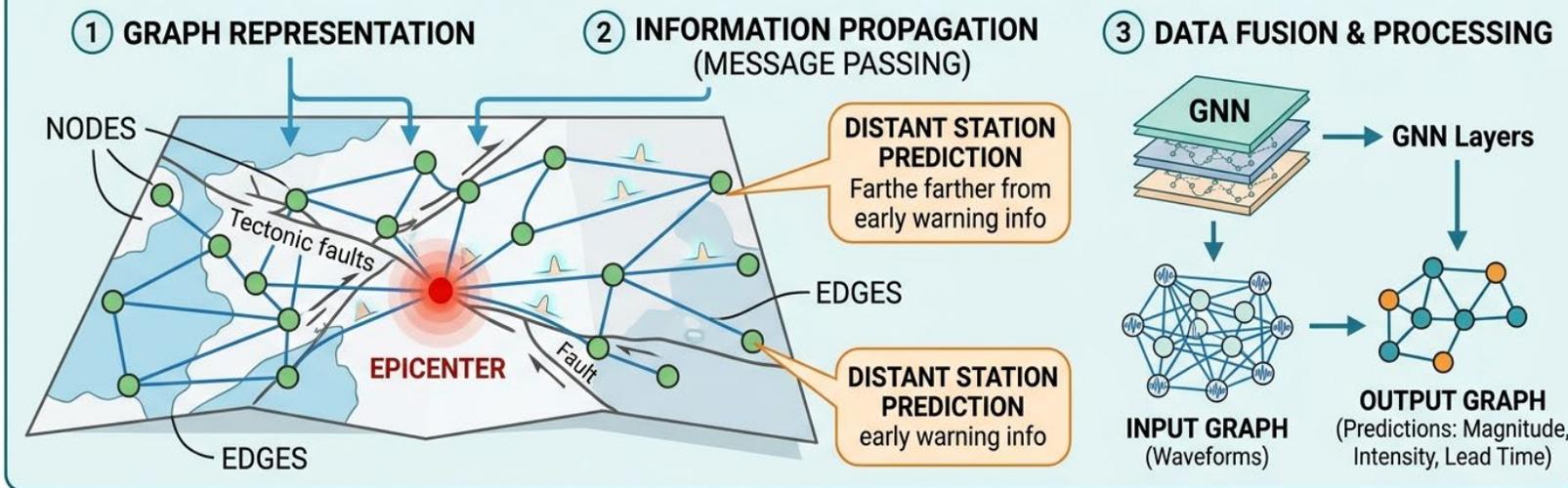
• Detection performance of seismic network

Blind Zones & Travel Times for Mandalay Earthquake (4-station detection)





CORE CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK OF GNN-BASED EEW



Graph Representation:

Nodes (V): Each node represents a seismic station recording 3-component waveform data (North-South, East-West, Up-Down).
Edges (E): Edges represent the spatial relationships or "links" between these stations, which can be pre-defined by distance or learned dynamically by the network.

Faster Detection: By exploiting locally available data from the first few stations to "trigger," GNNs can make globally informed predictions using very short time windows (e.g., just 3-5 seconds of initial waveform).

KEY BENEFITS FOR EARLY WARNING



A) FASTER DETECTION & RESPONSE

Triggering within 3-5 seconds of initial waveform data. Globally informed decisions. Increased lead time.



B) ACCURACY IN NOISE & SPATIAL ROBUSTNESS

Handles irregularly spaced sensor networks. Robust to signal noise and low SNR, even with limited input data.



C) IMPROVED MAGNITUDE & INTENSITY ESTIMATION

Reliable estimates for major events (e.g., via PEGSGraph). Reduced uncertainty, crucial for real-time safety.



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